



Management Consulting Group PLC

Results for the year ended 31 December 2008

Alan Barber, Executive Chairman

Craig Smith, Group Finance Director



Important notice

This presentation is directed at and should be distributed only to the persons of the kind specified in the exemptions contained in articles 19 and 49 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2001. Any person in receipt of this document who does not fall within the exemptions referred to above should return this document to Craig Smith, Group Finance Director, at Management Consulting Group PLC immediately and take no other action.

These presentation slides contain forward-looking statements and forecasts with respect to the financial condition, results of operations and businesses of Management Consulting Group PLC and its subsidiaries. These statements and forecasts involve risk and uncertainty because they relate to events and depend upon circumstances that will occur in the future. There are a number of factors that could cause actual results or developments to differ materially from those expressed or implied by those forward-looking statements and forecasts. Nothing in this announcement should be construed as a profit forecast.

Commercial highlights

- 2008 was a challenging but successful year for MCG
 - *Difficult economic conditions*

but

 - *Record underlying* results*
 - *Strong cash generation & comfortable covenant compliance*
 - *Benefit from weakness of Sterling*
- Business restructured to face external uncertainties
 - *Three resilient, independently managed practices*
 - *Around a dozen properties exited*
 - *Significant cost reduction programmes completed*

*The term 'underlying' is defined as 'before non-recurring items and amortisation and impairment of acquired intangible assets from continued operations'

Financial highlights

- Revenue up 60% to £343.1m (2007: £214.5m)
- Underlying profit from operations up 33% to £34.7m (2007: £26.1m)
- Underlying earnings per share up 5% to 6.2p (2007: 5.9p)
- Operating cash flow up 22% to £41.2m (2007: £33.8m)
- Total dividend up 13% to 1.3p per share (2007: 1.15p)

- Net debt £62.1m (2007: £60.9m) – well within capacity & covenants

- Goodwill impairment £26.7m (2007: nil) relating to Parson business
- Salzer Consulting sold back to original owner so treated as discontinued
- Other non-recurring items £21.5m (2007: £2.5m) relating to integration of acquisitions, general meeting expenses & subsequent business restructuring

Profit and loss account

<u>£m</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
Revenue	343.1	214.5
Cost of sales	(188.7)	(106.3)
Gross profit	154.4	108.2
Administrative expenses	(119.7)	(82.1)
Underlying profit from operations	34.7	26.1
Non-recurring items - impairment	(26.7)	
Non-recurring items - other	(21.5)	(2.5)
Amortisation of acquired intangibles	(2.4)	(1.7)
(Loss)/profit from operations	(15.9)	21.9
Net interest cost	(4.1)	(2.1)
(Loss)/profit before tax	(20.0)	19.8
Tax expense	(0.9)	(6.4)
Discontinued operations	(1.6)	(0.2)
(Loss)/profit for the period	(22.5)	13.2

Exchange rate effect

<u>Rate to £1</u>	Average rates		Year end rates	
	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
US Dollar	1.85	2.00	1.47	2.00
Euro	1.26	1.46	1.05	1.36

<u>£m</u>	<u>2008</u>	@ 2007 exchange rates	exchange difference	exchange difference
			<u>£m</u>	<u>%</u>
Revenue	343.1	308.7	34.4	10.0%
Underlying operating profit	34.7	32.0	2.7	7.8%
Net debt	62.1	42.3	19.8	31.9%

Each \$ cent movement was worth around £600k of revenue and £80k of profit

Each €cent movement was worth around £1,200k of revenue and £80k of profit

Organic growth

<u>£m</u>	<u>Ineum</u>	<u>KSA</u>	<u>Proudfoot</u>	<u>Total</u>
2007 revenue	123.8	17.1	73.6	214.5
Acquisition effect	3.5	57.6		61.1
Adjusted 2007 revenue	127.3	74.7	73.6	275.6
@ 2008 exchange rates	141.9	82.0	81.4	305.3
2008 revenue	153.1	83.0	107.0	343.1
Organic growth rate	8%	1%	31%	12%
Excluding Parson	11%			14%

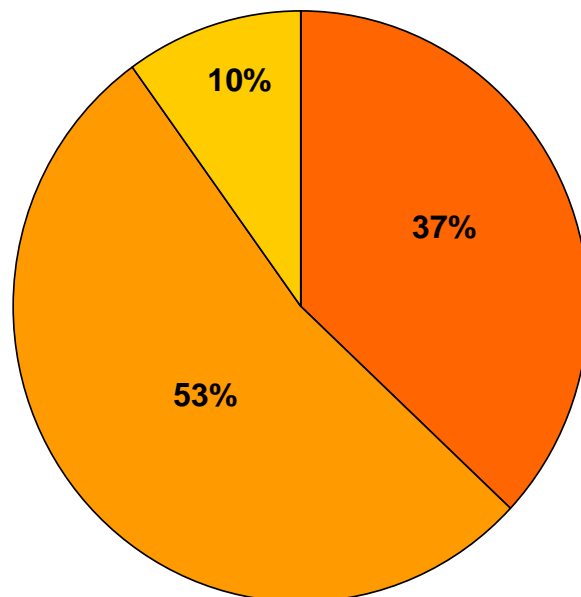
Segmental analysis – by consultancy

<u>£m</u>	Revenue		Operating profit		Operating margin %	
	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
Ineum incl. Parson	153.1	123.8	9.9	11.2	6.5%	9.0%
KSA	83.0	17.1	6.7	2.6	8.1%	15.2%
Proudfoot	107.0	73.6	18.1	12.3	16.9%	16.7%
Total	343.1	214.5	34.7	26.1	10.1%	12.2%
Ineum excl. Parson	131.0	101.9	13.9	13.1	10.6%	12.9%

Segmental analysis – by geography

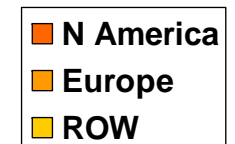
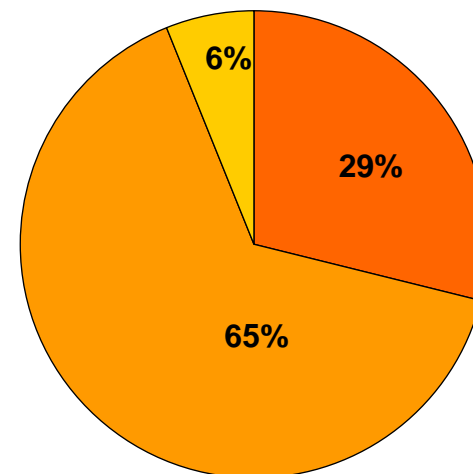
2008 revenue

£343.1m



2007 revenue

£214.5m



Non-recurring items

<u>£m</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>approx. annualised benefits</u>
Acquisition integration	2.3	2.5	
General meeting / CEO	2.5		
Parson restructuring	1.8		2.5
Property rationalisation	3.1		1.5
Withdrawal from China	2.4		1.0
Other cost reduction programmes	9.4		3.0
Total	21.5	2.5	8.0

Effective tax rate

<u>£m</u>	<u>2008</u>		<u>2007</u>	
	<u>Profit</u>	<u>Tax</u>	<u>Profit</u>	<u>Tax</u>
Declared (loss)/profit before tax	(20.0)	(0.9)	19.7	(6.5)
Impairment of goodwill	26.7	(4.7)		
Other non-recurring items	21.5	(4.6)	2.5	(0.8)
Amortisation of intangibles	2.4		1.7	
Adjusted profit before tax	30.6	(10.2)	23.9	(7.3)
Effective tax rate		33%		31%

Earnings per share

	<u>2008</u>		<u>2007</u>	
	<u>£m</u>	<u>pence</u>	<u>£m</u>	<u>pence</u>
(Loss)/profit for the period	(20.9)	(6.4)	13.4	4.7
Impairment of intangibles	26.7			
Tax credit on impairment	(4.7)			
Non-recurring items	21.5		2.5	
Tax credit on non-recurring items	(4.6)		(0.8)	
Amortisation of intangibles	2.4		1.7	
Underlying earnings	20.4	6.2	16.8	5.9

Net assets

<u>£m</u>	<u>31 Dec 08</u>	<u>31 Dec 07</u>
Non-current assets		
Intangible assets	315.0	262.7
Tangible assets	5.1	3.6
Deferred tax asset	21.9	15.0
	342.0	281.3
Current assets		
Trade & other receivables	90.2	74.1
Cash	35.8	20.9
	126.0	95.0
Current liabilities		
Borrowings	(31.8)	(29.2)
Other payables	(160.6)	(108.5)
	(192.4)	(137.7)
Non-current liabilities		
Borrowings	(66.1)	(52.6)
Retirement benefit obligation	(20.9)	(7.8)
Other	(14.2)	(19.2)
	(101.2)	(79.6)
Net assets	174.4	159.0

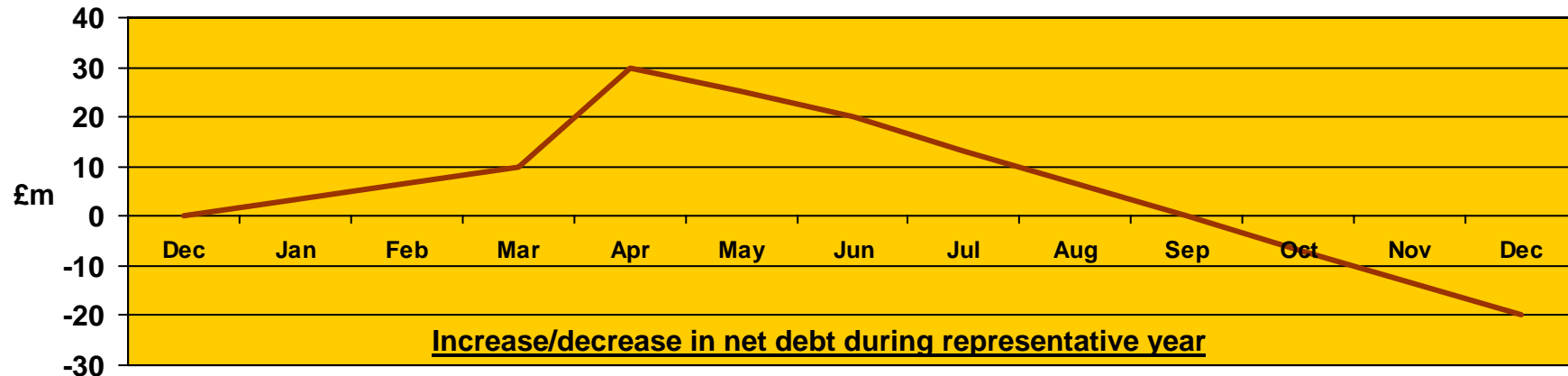
Cash flow & debt

<u>£m</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
Profit from operations	(15.8)	21.9
Depreciation & amortisation	4.9	3.5
Impairment	26.7	
Adjustment for pension funding	(0.9)	(0.7)
Other non-cash items	(1.1)	0.2
Cash flow before NWC movement	13.8	24.9
(+)/- net working capital	27.4	8.9
Cash generated by operations	41.2	33.8
Acquisition of subsidiaries		(52.7)
Capital expenditure	(2.5)	(4.3)
Income taxes paid	(0.5)	(2.6)
Dividends paid	(4.0)	(3.6)
Net interest paid	(3.9)	(2.6)
Exchange difference	(31.5)	(0.1)
(+)/- in debt	(1.2)	(32.1)
Cash/(debt) at beginning of period	(60.9)	(28.8)
Cash/(debt) at end of period	(62.1)	(60.9)

Debt facility and covenants

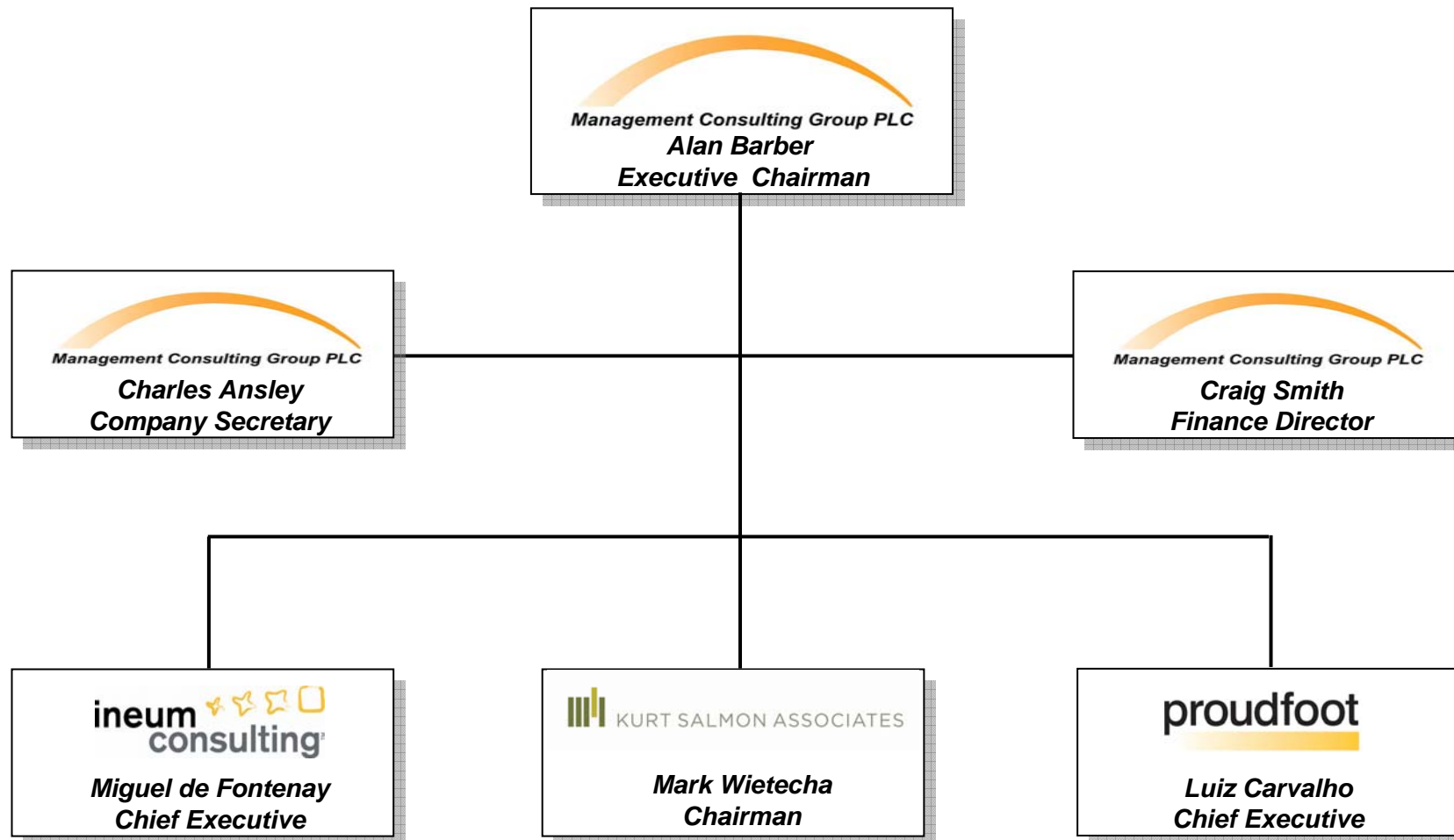
- Term loan \$50.6m & €37.0m; revolver £60.7m & €44.5m:
 - *Worth approximately £150m at today's exchange rates*
- Facility lasts until September 2012 with repayments of term loan:
 - *December 2009 – £3.4m*
 - *September 2010 – £6.8m*
 - *September 2011 – £13.7m*
 - *September 2012 – £44.6m (balance)*
- Margin depends on leverage:
 - *1.5% while net debt / underlying EBITDA >2 (small adj. re options/pensions)*
 - *1.15% while $1 < \text{net debt} / \text{underlying EBITDA} < 2$*
 - *0.8% while net debt / underlying EBITDA <1*
- Two covenants:
 - *Underlying interest cover >4*
 - *Net debt / underlying EBITDA <2.75 throughout 2009*

Net debt cycle



- Net debt / adjusted EBITDA approximately 1.6 times at December 2008
- Highest quarter-end levels in March & June due to working capital cycle
- Increased emphasis on cash management already having positive effect
- Current internal forecasts show significant covenant headroom throughout year

MCG operating structure

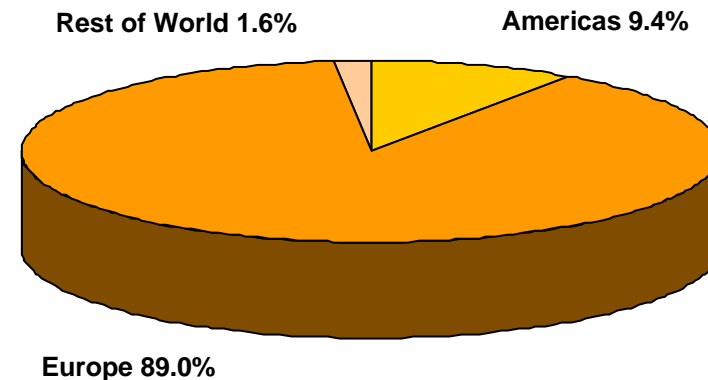


- Management consultancy business – strategy, processes, IT development
- Global business – offices in Europe, North America, Australia
- Provides industry specific services to both private and public sectors
- Established in Paris in 2003
- Acquired by MCG in 2006
- Head office in Paris, France
- Typical project size around £300k
- ‘Relationship sell’ throughout client
- Order book visibility 2-4 months
- Major competitors include Accenture, Oliver Wyman & AT Kearney

*Excluding the results of Parson US, UK & Australia, 2008 operating margin would have been 10.6% (2007: 12.9%)

- 2008 revenue - £153.1m
 – 2007 - £123.8m
- 2008 operating profit - £9.9m
 – 2007 - £11.2m
- 2008 operating margin – 6.5%*
 – 2007 - 9.0%
- 2008 employees – 1,150

2008 revenue



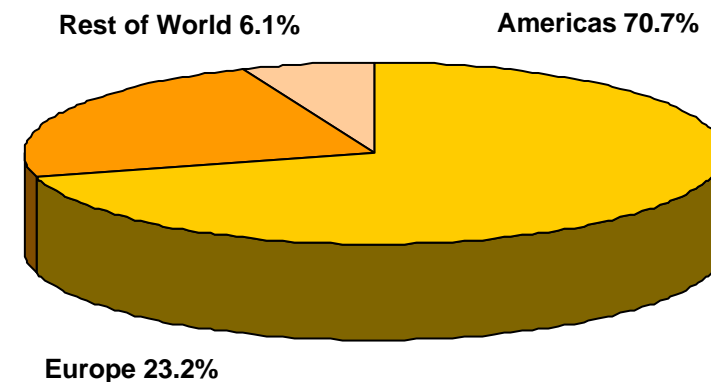
- Robust results – good spread across industry sectors
- Client list includes large number of CAC40 companies
- Parson Consulting restructured following H1 losses
- France remains core market but increasing international presence



- Management consultancy business – strategy, processes, IT development
- Global business – offices in North America, Europe, Japan
- Specialises in retail/consumer goods and US health care sectors
- Established in Chicago in 1937
- Acquired by MCG in 2007
- Head office in Atlanta, US
- Typical project size around £300k
- ‘Relationship sell’ throughout client
- Order book visibility 2-4 months
- Major competitors include McKinsey, Bain and Booz Allen

- 2008 revenue - £83.0m
 - 2007 - £17.1m
- 2008 operating profit - £6.7m
 - 2007 - £2.6m
- 2008 operating margin – 8.1%
 - 2007 - 15.4%
- 2008 employees – 500

2008 revenue

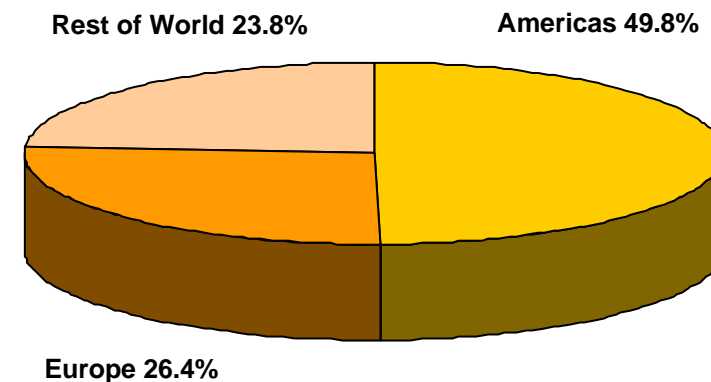


- Creditable performance given difficult conditions in traditional markets
- Good order intake in Q1 led to healthy revenues in Q2/3 but slowdown towards end of year
- Management has reacted quickly to reduce costs
- Continues to target double digit margins over medium term

- Operational improvement business - productivity increase / cost reduction
- Global business – offices in Americas, Europe, Africa, Pacific
- Works across all industry sectors – e.g. mines, manufacturing, banks
- Established in Chicago in 1946
- Listed in London in 1987
- Head office in Atlanta, US
- Typical project size around £2m
- ‘Direct sell’ mainly to CEOs
- Order book visibility 4-6 months
- Major competitors include Celerant and AT Kearney

- 2008 revenue - £107.0m
 - 2007 - £73.6m
- 2008 operating profit - £18.9m
 - 2007 - £12.3m
- 2008 operating margin – 16.9%
 - 2007 - 16.7%
- 2008 employees – 500

2008 revenue



- Very successful 2008 – significant growth in both revenue and profits
- Thrives on extremes of business cycle – throughput & capacity in upturns and cost reduction in downturns
- Benefited also from natural resources boom during year
- Invoices weekly and generates cash quickly

Risk & mitigation

- General economic climate
 - *Group now less dependent on individual industry or geography*
 - *Blue-chip client base*
 - *Significant restructuring during 2008*
 - *Cost base managed downwards in advance of downswing*
- Exchange rates
 - *Weak Sterling is positive for Group P&L*
- Liquidity
 - *Solid debt facility negotiated in 2007*
 - *Limited exposure to transactional exchange*
 - *Internal forecasts show significant headroom in both facility and covenants for 2009*

Outlook

- Challenging macro-economic environment
- MCG faces 2009 in good shape
 - *Balanced portfolio of businesses*
 - *Secure financial position and good cash generation*
 - *Broad geographical and industrial spread*
 - *Reduced cost base*
 - *Team of highly professional partners and staff*
- Order book and revenue at similar level to last year
- Group focused on meeting significant challenge of today's trading environment